

**CARROLL COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS HEAT AND**

**HUMIDITY PROCEDURES FOR ATHLETICS**

**CCPS SPONSORED ATHLETIC EVENTS (Practices and Contests):**

It is each coach’s responsibility to be trained, understand and follow the heat and humidity procedures. The athletic directors and administrators at each school should monitor the coaches to ensure they respond appropriately.

Coaches will evaluate weather related conditions either by direct measurement on site or through internet services with conditions at the nearest zip code. This should be done before practice begins and as conditions warrant. All efforts will be made by the Supervisor of Athletics to monitor the weather conditions and notify coaches, athletic directors and school administrators via Alert Now should restrictions or cancellations become necessary. However, if coaches, athletic directors or school administrators are not notified but are aware of potentially unsafe conditions, they are expected to follow code restrictions.

**CONSULT THESE WEBSITES FOR DAILY UPDATES:**

Accu Weather – [www.accuweather.com](http://www.accuweather.com)

The Weather Channel – [www.weather.com](http://www.weather.com)

The National Weather Service – [www.srh.noaa.gov](http://www.srh.noaa.gov)

Air Quality Index – [www.airnow.gov](http://www.airnow.gov)

**AIR QUALITY CHART**

The following chart is but one chart used to determine limitations posed on athletic activities. In game situations, game officials and administrators on duty, in consultation with certified trainers and coaches, will make decisions on heat index & air quality.

**Air Quality Readings**

Reading Classification Code

0-100 Good to Moderate Blue

100-200 Unhealthy Green

201-300 Very Unhealthy Yellow

Over 300 Hazardous Red

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**HEAT INDEX**

**Relative Humidity**

(%)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | 0 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 |
| 68 | 61 | 63 | 63 | 64 | 66 | 66 | 68 | 68 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 70 | 64 | 64 | 66 | 66 | 68 | 68 | 70 | 70 | 72 | 72 | 72 |
| 72 | 66 | 66 | 68 | 68 | 70 | 70 | 72 | 72 | 73 | 73 | 73 |
| 74 | 68 | 68 | 70 | 72 | 72 | 73 | 73 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 77 |
| 76 | 70 | 72 | 72 | 73 | 73 | 75 | 75 | 77 | 77 | 79 | 79 |
| 78 | 75 | 75 | 77 | 79 | 79 | 81 | 81 | 81 | 82 | 84 | 86 |
| 80 | 77 | 77 | 79 | 79 | 81 | 81 | 82 | 84 | 86 | 88 | 91 |
| 82 | 79 | 79 | 81 | 81 | 82 | 84 | 84 | 88 | 90 | 93 | 97 |
| 84 | 79 | 81 | 81 | 82 | 84 | 86 | 88 | 91 | 95 | 99 | 104 |
| 86 | 81 | 82 | 82 | 84 | 86 | 88 | 91 | 95 | 99 | 104 | 113 |
| 88 | 82 | 84 | 84 | 86 | 88 | 91 | 95 | 99 | 104 | 113 | 127 |
| 90 | 84 | 84 | 86 | 88 | 91 | 95 | 99 | 104 | 111 | 124 | 144 |
| 92 | 84 | 84 | 86 | 88 | 91 | 97 | 102 | 109 | 120 | 136 |  |
| 94 | 86 | 88 | 90 | 93 | 97 | 100 | 108 | 117 | 131 |  |  |
| 96 | 90 | 91 | 95 | 99 | 102 | 109 | 120 | 136 |  |  |  |
| 98 | 90 | 93 | 97 | 100 | 106 | 115 | 129 |  |  |  |  |
| 100 | 91 | 95 | 99 | 104 | 111 | 120 | 135 |  |  |  |  |
| 102 | 93 | 97 | 100 | 106 | 115 | 129 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 104 | 95 | 99 | 104 | 109 | 120 | 138 |  |  |  |  |  |

The above heat index chart is provided by the National Weather Service. The combination of air temperature (Fahrenheit degrees) and relative humidity (percent) produce a reading of how the air feels to human flesh or the apparent temperature. The heat index (apparent temperature) for a particular day will dictate any cancellations or restricted game and practice conditions. See the next page for specific restrictions.

**The Carroll County Public School System**

**Game/Practice Restrictions Due to Heat**

Heat Index Reading Color/Code Restriction

Code Red

105+ **Danger!** Discontinue regular practice. All outside

athletic events are to be cancelled. Practice indoors

if possible.

Code Yellow

**Extreme Caution!** *Modify*practice with frequent

(required) water breaks. Games/events may continue

95-104 with mandatory official timeouts midway through

quarters. Provide a water stop (mandatory) midway in

XC meets. Observe athletes carefully for signs of heat

injuries. Make sure all athletes drink water.

Code Green

**Warning.** Provide a mandatory 10 minutes rest per 45

84-94 minutes of activity. Water is to be available to athletes

at all times.

Code Blue

**No restrictions**. Water is to be available at all times.

Below 83 Monitor the heat index for increases.

NOTE: A “Code yellow or red” alert will be issued if necessary. Coaches are to follow the specific guidelines indicated for the “code”. On non-school days, the coach will receive Alert Now practice and game alerts. As a final back up, the coach may call 410-936-1212 (National Weather Service) to receive temperature, relative humidity, and air quality readings.

**HEAT RELATED ILLNESS: SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **ILLNESS** | **SYMPTOMS** | **FIRST AID** | **RETURN TO**  **PLAY** |
| Heat Cramps  (Mild ) | Involuntary Muscle Spasms | Hydration  Stretching  Relaxation  Massage | Symptom Free  Monitor Carefully |
| Heat Exhaustion  (Moderate) | Headache, nausea,  vomiting, chills,  dizziness, rapid pulse,  cool or clammy skin,  pale, excessive sweating | Shade or AC  Remove excessive clothes/equipment  Lie with feet above heart  Rehydrate if no nausea  Monitor HR, BP  CNS status and core  temperature | Symptom Free  Avoid intense activity for several days  If medical treatment  was sought must have doctor’s release to return |
| Heat Stroke  (Medical Emergency) | Disorientation, slurred  Speech, confusion or aggressive behavior, dry skin, flushed and hot skin, rapid/ pounding pulse | Call 911  Aggressive whole body cooling (cold water immersion) Fans, Ice, Cold towels if immersion is not available | Only with doctor release and specific return to play instructions  Return slowly under supervision of Health Care Professional |

**INSTRUCTIONS TO ATHLETES:**

Athletes will be instructed to remove themselves from any athletic activity if they feel overheated. If an athlete has any symptoms of heat related illness, he/she will be removed from any athletic activity and given reasonable and prudent immediate care by the training and/or coaching staff. The athlete’s parent/guardian will be notified and advised to contact their physician or go to the local emergency room if symptoms persist or worsen. Athletes with any heat related illness will be re-evaluated by the Certified Athletic Trainer before being allowed to return to activity. The coach will verify the athlete’s practice status with the certified athletic trainer prior to the athlete returning to activity.

**PREVENTION OF HEAT RELATED ILLNESS:**

1. Allow unlimited access to water/fluids at all practices and games.
2. Watch players who have high body fat; have to work harder for same results.
3. Watch players who have smaller bodies; less surface area to get rid of heat.
4. Watch those with more clothing/equipment; the heat is trapped against their bodies.
5. Encourage athletes to drink fluids at the same rate that they lost them (work hard, drink a lot).
6. Talk to athletes and coaches in preseason about prevention of heat illness.
7. Discourage weight loss if it is only fluid loss (wrestlers, etc).
8. Set up a weight chart and have players weigh in/out/in before practice; measure fluid loss.
9. Check urine; concentrated urine means dehydrated, clear means hydration.
10. Those who are not acclimatized are at greater risk. Acclimatization is the process where the body learns to function more efficiently in the heat. For example, in the spring 75 degrees feels warm, but when you are acclimatized to the heat in the summer 75 degrees feels cold!
11. Those athletes who are in poor physical condition are at higher risk. For example, the ones who did not do summer conditioning are at greater risk in the fall.
12. Athletes who have been ill, have a fever, or are recovering from an illness are at greater risk.

**FLUID REPLACEMENT:**

1. Athletes must drink past the point where their thirst is quenched.
2. Fluids should be available freely to all athletes at all times.
3. Athletes must replenish fluids to the weight they were before practice.
4. Athletes should check their urine color before practice; if it is dark, they are still dehydrated and should drink before practice.
5. Cold water is an excellent replacement fluid
6. Fluids other than water:
7. Sports drinks are generally only necessary during long-term activities. They help replenish sugar and minerals lost in sweat. However, they are not harmful at any time.
8. Avoid drinks high in sugar (sodas) due to slow absorption.
9. Avoid drinks high in caffeine: tea, sodas, and coffee. They cause urination.